

We claim:-

1. A solid mixture comprising

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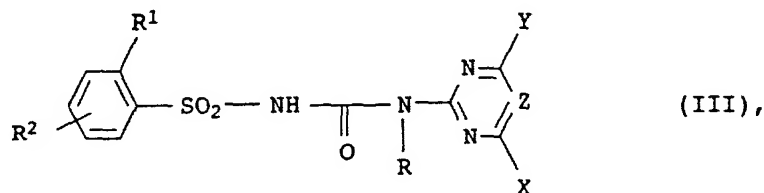
a) ~~an active compound from the group of the sulfonylureas,~~  
and

b) an alkylpolyglycoside.

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2. The solid mixture as claimed in claim 1, comprising a  
sulfonylurea of the formula I [sic]

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where:

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R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, which may carry from one to five of the  
following groups: methoxy, ethoxy, SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, cyano,  
chlorine, fluorine, SCH<sub>3</sub>, S(O)CH<sub>3</sub>;

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halogen;

a group ER<sup>19</sup>, in which E is O, S or NR<sup>20</sup>;

COOR<sup>12</sup>;

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NO<sub>2</sub>;

S(O)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, CONR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>;

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R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, halogen, methoxy, nitro, cyano,  
trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy or  
methylthio,

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Y is F, CF<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>2</sub>Cl, CF<sub>2</sub>H, OCF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>2</sub>Cl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl or  
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy;

X is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylthio,  
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylamino, halogen,  
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy,

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R is hydrogen or methyl;

5 R<sup>19</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkynyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, each of which may carry from 1 to 5 halogen atoms. Furthermore, in the case that E is O or NR<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>19</sup> is also methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, allylsulfonyl, propargylsulfonyl or dimethylsulfamoyl;

R<sup>20</sup> is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

10 R<sup>12</sup> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl group which may carry up to three of the following radicals: halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, allyl or propargyl;

15 R<sup>17</sup> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl group which may carry from one to three of the following radicals: halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, allyl or propargyl;

R<sup>15</sup> is hydrogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy group or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl group;

20 R<sup>16</sup> is hydrogen or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl group,

n is 1 - 2,

z is N, CH.

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3. The solid mixture as claimed in claim 1, comprising a further herbicidally active compound c).

30 4. The solid mixture as claimed in claim 1, comprising from 0.5 to 75% by weight of the component a).

5. The solid mixture as claimed in claim 1, comprising from 1 to 50% by weight of the component b).

35 6. The solid mixture as claimed in claim 1, comprising an alkylpolyglycoside having a degree of polymerization of 1-3.

7. The solid mixture as claimed in claim 6, comprising an alkylpolyglycoside having a degree of polymerization of 1-2.

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8. A method of controlling undesirable plant growth, which comprises treating the plants and/or the area to be kept free of the plants with a herbicidal amount of a solid mixture as claimed in claim 1.

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9. A process for preparing herbicide formulations, which comprises mixing a sulfonylurea with an alkylpolyglycoside.